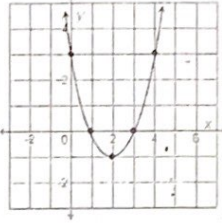
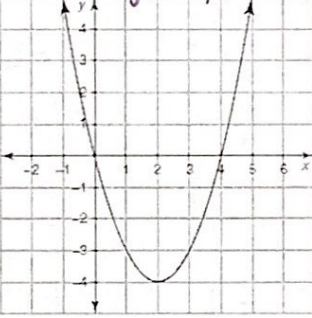
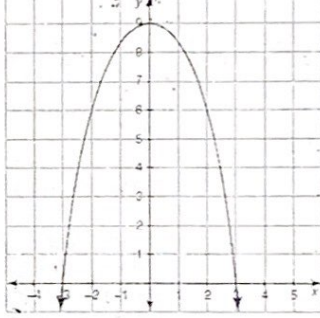
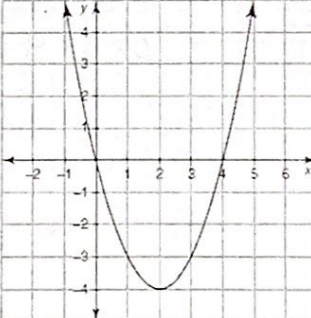
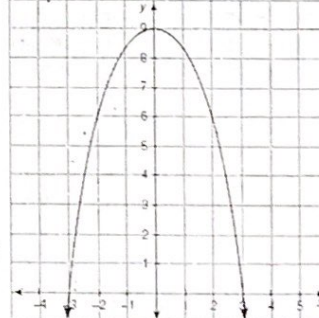
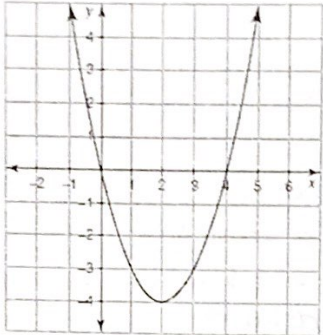
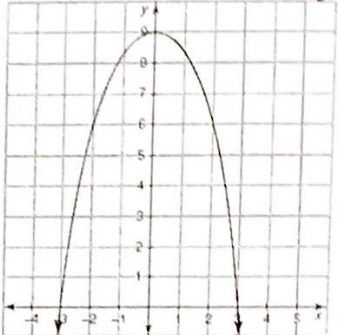
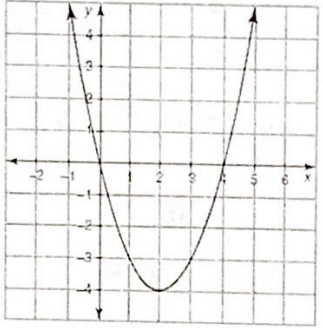
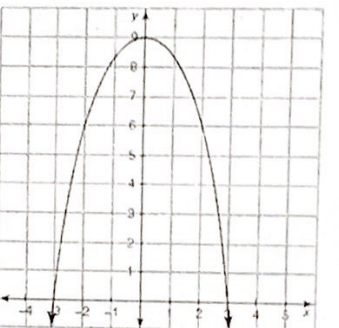
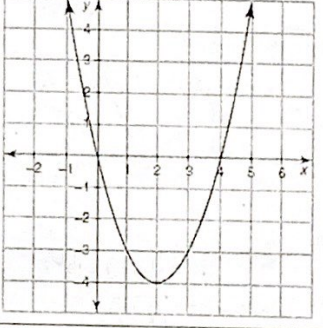
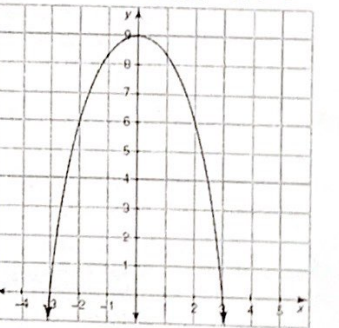
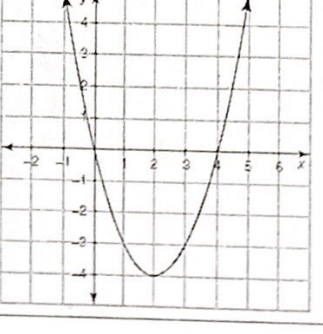
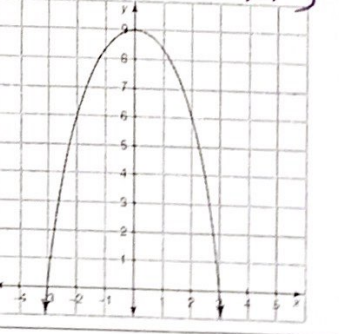


Algebra
Unit 6 Review – Graphing Quadratics

Name: Kay Period:
Date:

What you need to know & be able to do	Things to remember	Examples	
1. Describe transformations from an equation or graph	$y = a(x - h)^2 + k$ a: stretches/shrinks & reflects h: shifts left & right k: shifts up & down vertex: (h, k)	a. Describe the transformations and name the vertex: $y = -2(x + 3)^2 - 9$ reflect stretch 2 left 3 down 9 (-3, -9)	a. Describe the transformations and name the vertex:  right 2 down 1 (2, -1)
2. Create a function using transformations	Determine your, a, h, and k values	a. Opens down, shifts up 3 units and shrinks by $\frac{1}{4}$ $y = -\frac{1}{4}x^2 + 3$	b. Shifts left 5 and reflects across the x-axis $y = -(x + 5)^2$
3. Describe the domain and range.	-Domain: all possible values for x -Range: all possible values for y -"How far up or down does your graph go?" -written as an inequality	a. Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \geq -4$ 	b. Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \leq 9$ 
4. Describe the intercepts and zeros.	Zeros and x-intercepts are the same thing. Zeros: $x = \text{ }$ X-int: (p, 0) (q, 0) Y-int: (0, c)	a. x-intercepts: (0, 0) (4, 0) zeros: $x = 0$ $x = 4$ y-intercept: (0, 0) 	b. x-intercepts: (-3, 0) (3, 0) zeros: $x = -3$ $x = 3$ y-intercept: (0, 9) 

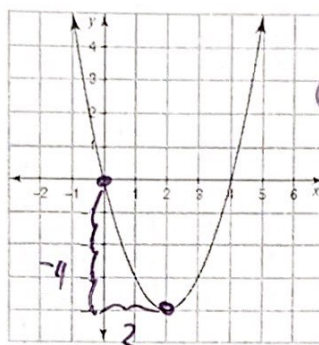
<p>5. Describe the vertex, axis of symmetry, extrema, and min/max values.</p>	<p>Vertex: highest or lowest point</p> <p>Axis of Symmetry: x value of the vertex; written as $x =$</p> <p>Extrema: Max or Min?</p> <p>Max/Min Value: What's the lowest or highest your graph goes; written as $y =$</p>	<p>a. Vertex: $(2, -4)$ Axis of Sym: $x = 2$</p> <p>Extrema: \min Max/Min Value: $y = -4$</p> 	<p>b. Vertex: $(0, 9)$ Axis of Sym: $x = 0$</p> <p>Extrema: \max Max/Min Value: $y = 9$</p> 
<p>6. Describe the end behavior.</p>	<p>Which direction are the ends of the graph headed? To positive or negative infinity?</p>	<p>a. As $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$. As $x \rightarrow \infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$.</p> 	<p>b. As $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$. As $x \rightarrow \infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$.</p> 
<p>7. Describe the intervals of increase or decrease.</p>	<p>Draw your axis of symmetry and create an inequality to represent to the left and right of the axis of symmetry.</p> <p>Then determine which direction the graph is going on the left and then on the right using your inequalities.</p>	<p>a. Interval of Increase: $x > 2$ Interval of Decrease: $x < 2$</p> 	<p>b. Interval of Increase: $x < 0$ Interval of Decrease: $x > 0$</p> 
<p>8. Describe the positive and negative parts of the graph</p>	<p>Determine which parts of the graph are above or below the x-axis.</p> <p>Use inequalities to describe the different regions using the x-intercepts.</p>	<p>a. Positive: $x < 0$ $x > 4$ Negative: $0 < x < 4$</p> 	<p>b. Positive: $-3 < x < 3$ Negative: $x < -3$ $x > 3$</p> 

9. Find the average rate of change given a graph

-Determine your two x-values and find their corresponding y-values on the parabola.

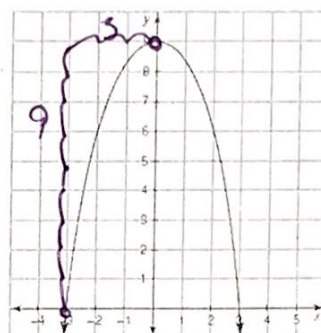
-Calculate the rate of change (rise over run)

a. On interval from $0 \leq x \leq 2$:



$$\frac{-4}{2} = -2$$

b. On interval from $-3 \leq x \leq 0$:



$$\frac{8}{3} = \frac{9}{3}$$

10. Find the average rate of change given an equation

Find two points (by substituting x-values into the equation to get your y-values.

Then use slope formula

a. Calculate the average rate of change for $y = x^2 + 1$ on the interval $0 \leq x \leq 2$.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} x & y \\ \hline 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 \end{array} \quad \frac{y}{x} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

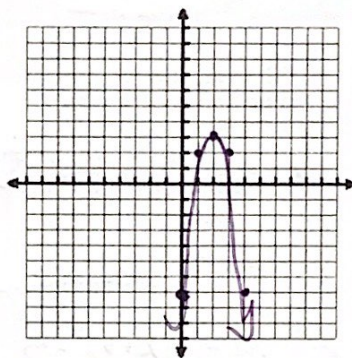
11. Graph in vertex form

1. Determine your vertex.

2. Create a table with 2 values to the left and right of the vertex.

3. Graph.

a. Graph the following equation: $y = -3(x-2)^2 + 5$



x	y
0	-7
1	2
2	5
3	2
4	-7

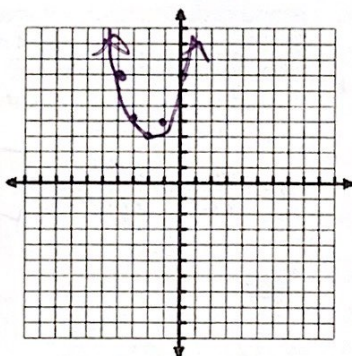
12. Graph in standard form

1. Determine your vertex $\left(x = \frac{-b}{2a}\right)$.

2. Create a table with 2 values to the left and right of the vertex.

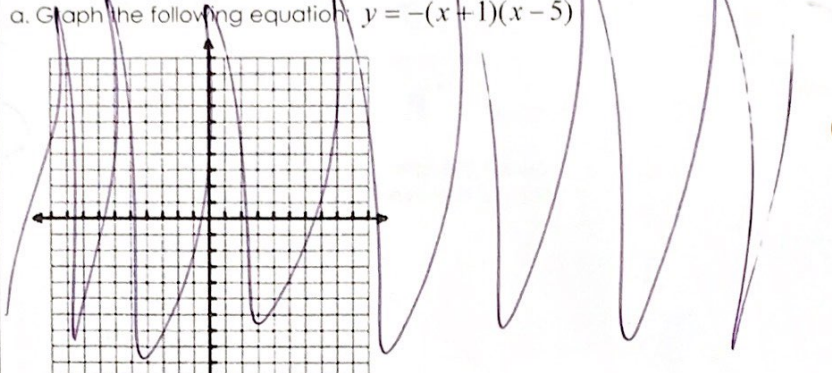
3. Graph.

a. Graph the following equation: $y = x^2 + 4x + 7$



$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-4}{2(1)} = \frac{-4}{2} = -2$$

x	y
-4	7
-3	4
-2	3
-1	4
0	7

<p>13. Graph in factored form</p>	<p>1. Determine your x-intercepts and plot them.</p> <p>2. Determine your vertex (find the middle of the two x-intercepts or use $x = \frac{p+q}{2}$).</p> <p>3. Plot vertex and graph.</p>	<p>a. Graph the following equation: $y = -(x+1)(x-5)$</p> 	
<p>14. Converting between forms</p>	<p>Use your Converting Between Forms graphic organizer.</p>	<p>a. Convert to standard form. What new characteristic can you give? $y = -3(x+4)^2 + 2$</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-right: 10px;"> $\begin{array}{r l} x & 4 \\ \hline x^2 & 4x \\ 4x & 16 \end{array}$ </div> <div> $-3(x^2 + 8x + 16) + 2$ $-3x^2 - 24x - 48 + 2$ $y = -3x^2 - 24x - 46$ </div> </div>	<p>b. Convert to standard form. What new characteristic can you give? $y = (x+3)^2 - 5$</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-right: 10px;"> $\begin{array}{r l} x & 3 \\ \hline x^2 & 3x \\ 3x & 9 \end{array}$ </div> <div> $(x^2 + 6x + 9) - 5$ $y = x^2 + 6x + 4$ </div> </div>
<p>15. Apply properties of quadratics to solve problems</p>	<p>Decide what your x and y represents.</p> <p>Make sure you answer what the question was asking</p>	<p>c. Convert to vertex form. What new characteristic can you give? $y = x^2 + 6x + 4$</p> $x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-6}{2(1)} = \frac{-6}{2} = -3$ $y = -5$ $y = (x+3)^2 - 5$	<p>d. Convert to factored form. What new characteristic can you give? $y = x^2 - 5x - 24$</p> $x = \frac{5}{2(1)} = 2.5$ $y = -30.25$ $y = (x-2.5)^2 - 30.25$
		<p>a. The equation for the cost of manufacturing lawn mowers is $y = 0.008x^2 - 0.04x + 75$. What number of lawn mowers should be produced to minimize costs?</p> $x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(-0.04)}{2(0.008)} = 2.5$	<p>14. The height in feet of a rocket after x second is given by $y = 128x - 16x^2$. What is the maximum height reached by the rocket and how long does it take to reach that height?</p> $x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-128}{2(-16)} = 4$ $y = 256$