Transformations of Quadratics

Today, we are going to be taking a look at what quadratic equations look like and how they can transform on the coordinate plane. Graphing Calculator or Software will be used to aid.

Part 1:

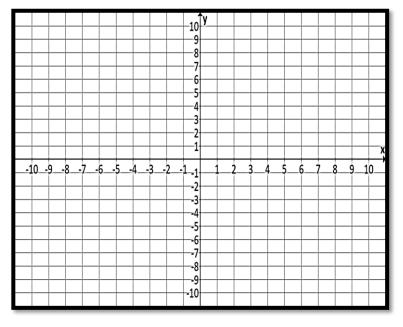
1. Complete the table of values and graph.

Color		
x	x^2	
-2		
-1		
0		
1		
2		

Color	
x	$x^2 + 4$
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	

Color	
x	$x^2 - 5$
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	

- 2. Graph all three in their respective color.
- 3. What happened to the graphs compared to the first?
- 4. What is the coordinate of the vertices?
- 5. In general what can you say about the effect the k-value has on the graph of the equation $f(x) = x^2 + k$?



- 6. Using the equations below, describe what transformations that occurred compared to the parent function $f(x) = x^2$
- a. $f(x) = x^2 + 2$ b. $f(x) = x^2 + 17$ c. $f(x) = x^2 12$ d. $f(x) = x^2 8$
- 7. Given the function $f(x) = x^2$, write a function that translates the graph of f(x) up 4 units.

Part 2:

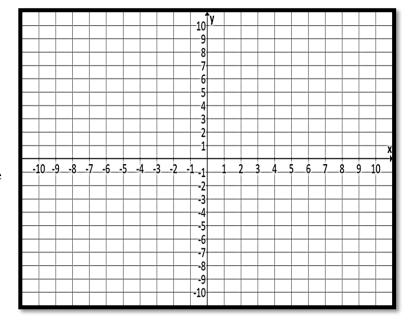
1. Complete the table of values and graph.

Color	
х	x^2
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	

Color	
x	$(x+3)^2$
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	

Color	
x	$(x-2)^2$
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	

- 2. Graph all three in their respective color.
- 3. What happened to the graphs compared to the first?
- 4. What is the coordinate of the vertices?
- 5. In general what can you say about the effect the h-value has on the graph of the equation $f(x) = (x - h)^2$?



6. Using the equations below, describe what transformations that occurred compared to the parent function $f(x) = x^2$

a.
$$f(x) = (x+5)^2$$
 b. $f(x) = (x-4)^2$ c. $f(x) = (x-7)^2$ d. $f(x) = (x+12)^2$

b.
$$f(x) = (x-4)^2$$

c.
$$f(x) = (x-7)^2$$

d.
$$f(x) = (x+12)^{2}$$

e.
$$f(x) = (x+5)^2 + 2$$
 f. $f(x) = (x-4)^2 - 3$ g. $f(x) = (x-11)^2 + 9$ h. $f(x) = (x-1)^2 - 4$

f.
$$f(x) = (x-4)^2 - 3$$

g.
$$f(x) = (x-11)^2 + 9$$

h.
$$f(x) = (x-1)^2 - 4$$

7. Given the function $f(x) = x^2$, write a function that translates the graph of f(x) right 8 units and up 2 units.

Part 3:

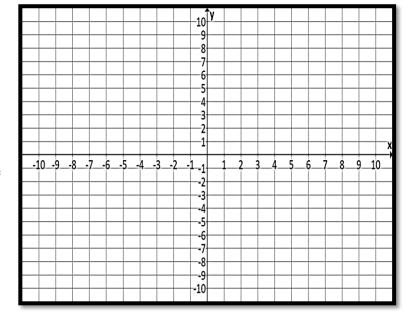
1. Complete the table of values and graph.

Color	
x	x^2
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	

Color	
x	$2x^2$
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	

Color	
x	$\frac{1}{2}x^2$
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	

- Graph all three in their respective color.
- What happened to the graphs compared to the first?
- What is the coordinate of the vertices?
- 5. In general what can you say about the effect the a-value has on the graph of the equation $f(x) = ax^2$?



6. Using the equations below, describe what transformations that occurred compared to the parent function $f(x) = x^2$

b.
$$f(x) = 5x^2$$

b.
$$f(x) = 5x^2$$
 b. $f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^2$ c. $f(x) = 3x^2$

c.
$$f(x) = 3x^2$$

d.
$$f(x) = \frac{5}{3}x^2$$

f.
$$f(x) = 2(x+8)^2$$

f.
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 3$$

g.
$$f(x) = 4(x-1)^2 + 9$$

f.
$$f(x) = 2(x+8)^2$$
 f. $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 3$ g. $f(x) = 4(x-1)^2 + 9$ h. $f(x) = \frac{7}{6}(x+2)^2 - 1$

7. Given the function $f(x) = x^2$, write a function that translates the graph with a vertical shrink of 2/3 and shifted down 5 units.

Part 4:

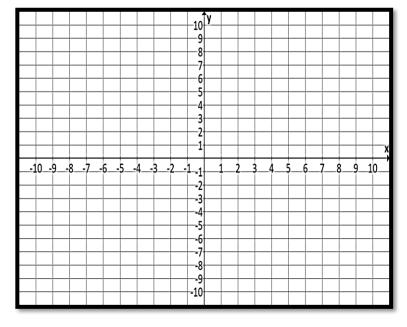
1. Complete the table of values and graph.

Color	
х	x^2
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	

Color	
x	$-x^2$
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	

Color	
x	$-2x^{2}$
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	

- Graph all three in their respective color.
- What happened to the graphs compared to the first?
- 4. What is the coordinate of the vertices?
- In general what can you say about the effect of -a-value has on the graph of the equation $f(x) = -ax^2$?



6. Using the equations below, describe what transformations that occurred compared to the parent function $f(x) = x^2$

c.
$$f(x) = -4x^2$$

c.
$$f(x) = -4x^2$$
 b. $f(x) = -\frac{1}{4}x^2$ c. $f(x) = -x^2$ d. $f(x) = \frac{5}{3}x^2$

c.
$$f(x) = -x^2$$

d.
$$f(x) = \frac{5}{3}x$$

g.
$$f(x) = -2x^2 - 5$$

g.
$$f(x) = -2x^2 - 5$$
 f. $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x^2$

g.
$$f(x) = -7(x+3)^2 - 4$$

g.
$$f(x) = -7(x+3)^2 - 4$$
 h. $f(x) = -\frac{1}{3}(x-1)^2 - 6$

7. Given the function $f(x) = x^2$, write a function that reflects the graph over the x-axis and left 5 units.

Part 5:

Given the following function, describe the transformations that would occur:

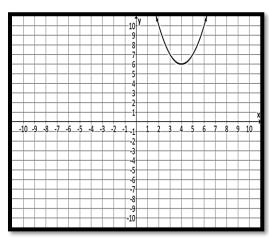
$$f(x) = -a(x-h)^2 + k$$

Vertex: (-h,k)

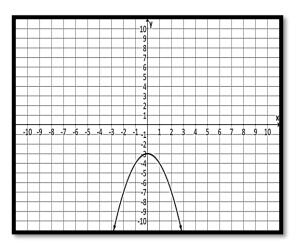
Part 6:

Given the following graphs, identify all the transformations that occurred. Then try to create the equation for each graph.

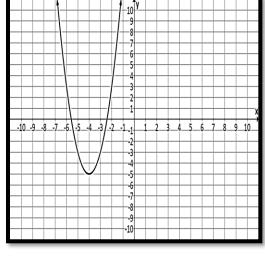
a.



b.



c.



d.

