

Solving Literal Equations - solve for X

$$\begin{array}{r} 26 = w + X \\ -w \quad -w \\ \hline 26 - w = X \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} X - w = 19 \\ +w \quad +w \\ \hline X = 19 + w \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} wX = -44 \\ w \quad w \\ \hline X = \frac{-44}{w} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} w \cdot \frac{X}{w} = 18 \cdot w \\ \hline X = 18w \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} wX + 7 = 31 \\ -7 \quad -7 \\ \hline \frac{wX}{w} = \frac{24}{w} \\ \hline X = \frac{24}{w} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 68 = 12X + w \\ -w \quad -w \\ \hline 68 - w = 12X \\ \frac{68 - w}{12} = \frac{12X}{12} \\ \hline \frac{68 - w}{12} = X \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -wX + 1 = -80 \\ -1 \quad -1 \\ \hline \frac{-wX}{-w} = \frac{-81}{-w} \\ \hline X = \frac{81}{w} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \frac{X}{w} - y = -2 \\ +y \quad +y \\ \hline w \cdot \frac{X}{w} = -2 + y \cdot w \\ X = w(-2 + y) \\ \hline X = -2w + yw \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2(x + w) = -2 \\ 2x + 2w = -2 \\ -2w \quad -2w \\ \hline 2x = -2 - 2w \\ \frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-2 - 2w}{2} \\ \hline X = -1 - 1w \end{array}$$

?

1. What are we solving for?
2. What is on the same side?
3. What is furthest?
4. How is it attached?
5. How do you undo it?

$$\begin{array}{r} z = \frac{x}{w} + y \\ -y \quad -y \\ \hline w(z - y) = x \\ \hline wz - wy = X \end{array}$$

Solve for d

$$t \cdot r = \frac{d}{t} \cdot t$$

$$(tr = d)$$

Solve for m

$$\frac{F}{a} = \frac{m \cdot a}{a}$$

$$\frac{F}{a} = m$$

Solve for h

$$2 \cdot A = \frac{1}{2}bh \cdot 2$$

$$\frac{2A}{b} = \frac{bh}{b}$$

$$\left(\frac{2A}{b} = h\right)$$

$$\frac{P}{-2L} = \frac{2L + 2W}{-2L}$$

$$\frac{P - 2L}{2} = \frac{2W}{2}$$

$$\frac{P - 2L}{2} = W$$

X

Everything must be divided by 2 "nicely" P does not

$$\frac{1}{2}P - L = W$$

Practice

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{P}{IR} = \frac{IRI}{IR} \quad (I)$$

$$\left(\frac{P}{IR} = I\right)$$

$$\textcircled{2} A = 2(L+W) \quad (W)$$

$$A = 2L + 2W$$

$$\frac{A - 2L}{2} = \frac{2W}{2}$$

$$\left(\frac{A - 2L}{2} = W\right)$$

$$\textcircled{3} y = 5x - 6 \quad (x)$$

$$y + 6 = 5x - 6 + 6$$

$$\left(\frac{y + 6}{5} = x\right)$$

$$\textcircled{4} 2x - 3y = 8 \quad (y)$$

$$-3y = 8 - 2x$$

$$\left(y = \frac{8 - 2x}{-3}\right)$$

$$\textcircled{5} x + y = 5 \cdot 3 \quad (x)$$

$$x + y = 15$$

$$\left(x = 15 - y\right)$$

$$\textcircled{6} y = mx + b \quad (b)$$

$$\left(y - mx = b \text{ or } b = y - mx\right)$$

$$\textcircled{7} ax + by = c \quad (y)$$

$$\frac{by}{b} = \frac{c - ax}{b}$$

$$y = \frac{c - ax}{b}$$

$$\textcircled{8} A = h(bt + c) \quad (b)$$

$$A = hb + hc$$

$$\frac{A - hc}{h} = \frac{hb}{h}$$

$$\frac{A - c}{h} = b$$

$$\textcircled{9} \frac{V}{WH} = \frac{LWH}{WH} \quad (L)$$

$$\frac{V}{WH} = L \text{ or } L = \frac{V}{WH}$$

$$(10) A = \frac{4r^2}{4} \quad (r^2)$$

$$\frac{4}{4} = r^2$$

$$(11) V = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{\pi r^2} \quad (h)$$

$$\frac{V}{\pi r^2} = h$$

$$(12) \begin{array}{r} 7x - y = 14 \\ + y \\ \hline 7x = 14 + y \\ \frac{7x}{7} = \frac{14 + y}{7} \\ x = \frac{14 + y}{7} \end{array} \quad (x)$$

$$(13) A = \frac{x + y}{2} \quad (y)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2A = x + y \\ -x \quad -x \\ \hline 2A - x = y \end{array}$$

$$(14) R = \frac{E}{I} Z \quad (I)$$

$$\frac{IR}{R} = \frac{E}{R}$$

$$I = \frac{E}{R}$$

$$(15) 6x = \frac{yz}{6} \quad (z)$$

$$\frac{6x}{6} = \frac{yz}{6}$$

$$z = \frac{6x}{y}$$

$$(16) A = \frac{r}{2L} \quad (L)$$

$$\frac{2A}{2} = \frac{r}{2A}$$

$$L = \frac{r}{2A}$$

$$(17) 3A = \frac{a + b + c}{3} \quad (b)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3A = a + b + c \\ -c \\ \hline 3A - c = a + b \\ \frac{3A - c}{-a} = \frac{a + b}{-a} \\ 3A - a - c = b \end{array}$$

$$(18) \begin{array}{r} 12x - 4y = 20 \\ -12x \\ \hline -4y = 20 - 12x \\ \frac{-4y}{-4} = \frac{20 - 12x}{-4} \\ y = -5 + 3x \\ \text{or } y = 3x - 5 \end{array} \quad (y)$$

-4
Goes into
20 + -12

$$(19) 4x = \frac{2y - z}{4} \quad (z)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x = 2y - z \\ -2y \quad -2y \\ \hline 4x - 2y = -z \\ \frac{4x - 2y}{-1} = \frac{-z}{-1} \\ -4x + 2y = z \\ \text{or} \\ z = 2y - 4x \end{array}$$

$$(20) NP = \frac{R - C}{A} \quad (R)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} NP = R - C \\ +C \quad +C \\ \hline NP + C = R \end{array}$$

$$R = NP + C$$