

# Day 1 – Arithmetic & Geometric Sequences

For the following patterns, find the next two numbers. Then describe the rule you are applying each time.

Pattern	Rule	Classify
a. -4, -2, 0, 2, _____, _____ ...	_____	_____
b. -20, -16, -12, -8, -4, _____, _____ ...	_____	_____
c. 5, 25, 125, 625, _____, _____ ...	_____	_____
d. 6.5, 5, 3.5, 2, _____, _____ ...	_____	_____
e. 192, 96, 48, 24, _____, _____ ...	_____	_____
f. 12, 18, 24, _____, _____ ...	_____	_____
g. 81, 27, 9, 3, _____, _____ ...	_____	_____
h. 50, 40, 30, _____, _____ ...	_____	_____
i. 2, 8, 32, 128, _____, _____ ...	_____	_____
j. 11, 9, 7, _____, _____ ...	_____	_____
k. 64, -32, 16, -8, _____, _____ ...	_____	_____
l. 75, 15, 3, _____, _____ ...	_____	_____

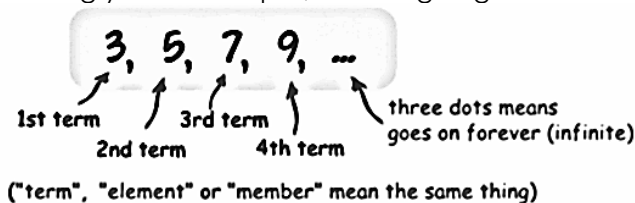
g. What did you notice about your patterns? \_\_\_\_\_

h. What do you think the “...” means? \_\_\_\_\_

## Sequences

A **sequence** is a pattern involving an ordered arrangement of numbers, geometric figures, letters, or other objects.

What you may not realize is when it comes to sequences, they are considered a type of function. The position of each term is called the **term number or term position**. We can think of the term number or position as the input (domain) and the actual term in the sequence as the output (range). Instead of using  $x$  for the input, we are going to use  $n$  and instead of using  $y$  for the output, we are going to use  $a_n$ .



**Pattern A:**

Term Number ( $n$ )						
Term ( $a_n$ )	-4	-2	0	2		

**Pattern K:**

Term Number ( $n$ )					
Term ( $a_n$ )	81	27	9		

## Types of Sequences

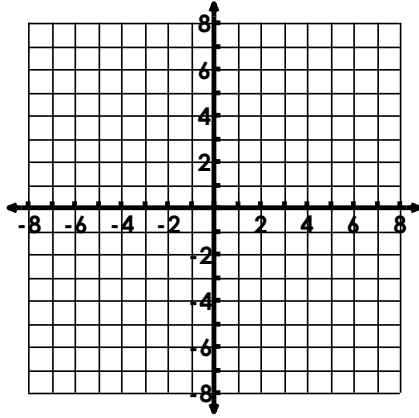
Information	Arithmetic	Geometric
<b>Type of Function</b>		
<b>Created by...</b>	Adding or Subtracting the same number each time. Called a _____	Multiplying by the same number each time. Called a _____
<b>Explicit Formula</b> (allows you to find nth term)	$a_n = a_1 + d(n - 1)$ a <sub>n</sub> : _____ a <sub>1</sub> : _____ n: _____ d: _____	$a_n = a_1 * r^{n-1}$ a <sub>n</sub> : _____ a <sub>1</sub> : _____ n: _____ r: _____
<b>Generating a Pattern</b>	Find the first five terms: $a_n = 4 + 3(n - 1)$	Find the first five terms: $a_n = 3 \cdot 5^{n-1}$
<b>Converting to Function Form</b>	Convert $a_n = 4 + (n - 1)3$	Convert $a_n = 3 \cdot 5^{n-1}$

## Graphing Sequences

For the following sequences, complete the following:

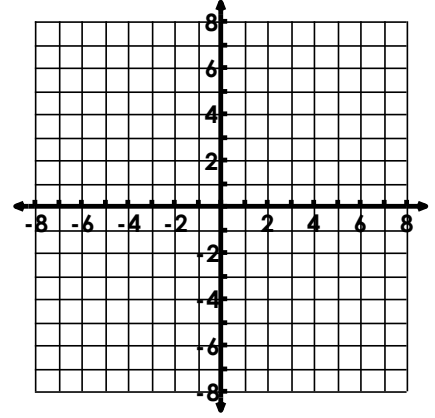
- a. Create a table representing the term numbers and terms and then graph
- b. Create an Explicit Rule to describe the sequence.

1.  $-8, -5, -2, 1 \dots$



b. Explicit Rule:

2.  $4, 2, 1, .5 \dots$



b. Explicit Rule:

## Generating a Sequence from an Explicit Formula

For the following sequences, find the first five terms:

a.  $a_n = -3 + 2(n-1)$

b.  $a_n = -3 \cdot 2^{n-1}$

c.  $a_n = 9n + 2$

d.  $a_n = 2 \cdot 4^{n-1}$

e.  $a_n = (-3)^{n-1}$

f.  $a_n = -(n-1)$

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## Why We Have a Formula for Sequences

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Take a look at the following pattern: **4, 8, 12, 16** ....

What is the 3<sup>rd</sup> term? \_\_\_\_\_ What is the 5<sup>th</sup> term? \_\_\_\_\_ What is the 7<sup>th</sup> term? \_\_\_\_\_

What is the pattern? \_\_\_\_\_ What is the 1<sup>st</sup> term? \_\_\_\_\_

What is the 54<sup>th</sup> term? \_\_\_\_\_ (You don't want to add \_\_\_\_\_ over and over 54 times?!?!?!?)

This is why the **Explicit Formula** was created – as long as you know your common difference and 1<sup>st</sup> term, you can create a rule to describe any arithmetic sequence and use it to find any term you want.

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## Finding the Nth Term

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To find the  $n$ th term, particularly when the  $n$ th term is quite large, you want to create an Explicit Rule first and then substitute that term number into the rule for  $n$ . For the given sequences, create an explicit rule and then use the rule to find the following terms:

a. 10, 15, 20, 25, ..... Find 21<sup>st</sup> term

b. 121, 110, 99, 88 .... Find  $a_{16}$

c. 1.5, 4.5, 13.5 ..... Find  $a_7$

d. -30, -22, -14, -6 .... Find  $a_{30}$

e. 162, 108, 72, 48 .... Find 8<sup>th</sup> term

f. 1, -2, 4, -8, ... Find 10<sup>th</sup> term

### Using Figures to Create Rules



Figure 1



Figure 2

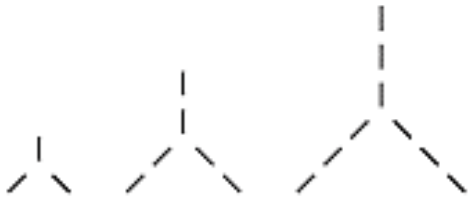


Figure 3

a. Create an explicit rule for finding the number of Popsicle sticks.

b. Create an explicit rule for finding the perimeter.

	# of Popsicle Sticks	Perimeter
Figure 1		
Figure 2		
Figure 3		
Figure 4		
Figure 5		
Figure 6		



a. Create an explicit rule for finding the number of dashes.

	# of Dashes
Figure 1	
Figure 2	
Figure 3	
Figure 4	
Figure 5	
Figure 6	



a. Create an explicit rule for finding the number of triangles.

	# of Triangles
Figure 1	
Figure 2	
Figure 3	
Figure 4	
Figure 5	
Figure 6	